Declassified in Part	- Sanitized Copy App	roved for Release 2011/12/28 : CIA-RDP78-03300A001600020075-9  CONFIDENTIAL  11 October 1954	25X <sup>-</sup>
	MEMORANDUM FOR:	THE RECORD	
	SUBJECT:	Project Monitor on P-101B Communications System, Infrared	
	1. Time a on 6 and 7 Octo	ober 1954.	25X1 25X <sup>2</sup> 25X <sup>2</sup>
	a. I Two looperations tests were communicated.	regress to Date  breadboard equipments have been completed and given three ended at a range of limites and were successful in that tion was established.  breadboard equipment utilizes 8" diameter mirrors with f confusion somewhat larger than desirable. The Following	3
	beamwidth:	s are being used for communicating:  transmitters  1 1/4° x 1/3°  receivers  1/3 x 1/3° and 2/3° x 2/3°  breadboard equipment was demonstrated to us at an equivalence of the vacuum range. It was apparent	

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It was decided by APD that all emphasis should be placed on a battery vibrator supply until a definite decision can be made on

before the end of October some definite word on the

was requested to obtain25X1

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this might be somewhat improved.

the status of the motor-generator.

b. Power Sources

from

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possibilities of silencing the generator. If \_\_\_\_\_feels little or no chance of success exists, the whole motor-generator project will be stopped. If \_\_\_\_\_feels that the silencing can be successfully done, the project will be continued using a low quality gasolene engine in place of a kerosene-plus-additives-engine.

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APD requested that a foolproof and simple battery charger be built into the unit. This charger shall operate from 110 or 220 volts ac \ 10\% at 50-60 cps.

## c. Search - Find Problems

The following procedure for starting communication has been decided upon:

A is the case officer in charge. He will be responsible for the necessary planning and will operate the station in friendly territory. B is a principal agent who is living in unfriendly territory adjacent to the border. He is able to contact A but has no means for transmitting large volumes of information without the I. R. system. B is able to approach points within 6 miles of the border without difficulty.

A obtains a map of the area (1:25,000 scale or better). From this map possible sites for line-of-sight communications are selected subject to being convenient for both A and B. An on-the-spot survey of these sites is made by A. The best site is selected and photographs are made of the unfriendly station from the friendly area. Both are located on the map as accurately as possible and B's station is marked on the photograph. All landmarks visible by day and by night are recorded on the map with their relation to the stations clearly shown. Copies of the map and photographs are given by A to B. B will in all probability visit his given station by day to familiarize himself with the area and A's location.

It is assumed that the I. R. equipment will have beamwidths comparable to those of the breadboards. The equipment will be equipped with two sights, an I. R. viewer for night use and a set of telescopic rifle sights for daytime use. Provision for widening the transmitter beams by a factor of 3 will be included, (defocusing of source). A standard military compass will be provided as an accessory.

Night Operation: A and B will turn on their transmitters (tone modulated) in the defocussed condition and will aim them with the aid of compass and landmarks in the appropriate direction ( $\frac{45}{5}$ ° azimuth  $\frac{42}{2}$ ° elevation). Each will then begin a systematic sweep (possibly aided by mechanical means) until they are able to detect the presence of each other's transmitters.

As soon as detection occurs, centering will be accomplished by means of the viewer. The beams will then be narrowed and again aligned by viewer. Further alignment will be accomplished by maximizing the audio tone using the regular I. R. receiver. Communication can begin following this final alignment. It is estimated that 5 minutes will elapse between the time the transmitters are turned on and the time communication starts.

Daytime Operation: A procedure similar to that for night operation can be used in daylight. Initial alignment is accomplished by sighting at landmarks. Further alignment is accomplished by using the receiver and defocussed beams Final alignment is accomplished with focussed beam. A fairly detailed signal plan will be required for daylight operation in order to properly synchronize A and B's operation.

If possible, the I. R. viewer will be used during daytime operation.

## d. Package Design

The following items on the final package were specified:

- (1) Tripod legs about 2 feet long will be supplied with the equipment.
  - (2) Telex Dynaset stethoscope headphones will be used
- (3) The equipment will be sealed watertight when closed and will be splashproof when open for use.

Further	work	on	the	package	design	was	requested	ъу	8	November
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TSS/APD

Distribution:

Orig. - P-101B

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